



Analizar y controlar el MTU / MSS bajo un ambiente routerOS



Quien presenta?

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- Integrador IT & networking CEO en Ubneta Datacenter
- Uso activo de routerOS desde 2006
- Colaborador activo en comunidad mikrotik Argentina, 4000+ usuarios
- Linux Certified Consultant



Itinerario

- Caso de éxito!
- Análisis prolijo y sencillo sobre la fragmentación protocolar

Nv2 sí funciona!



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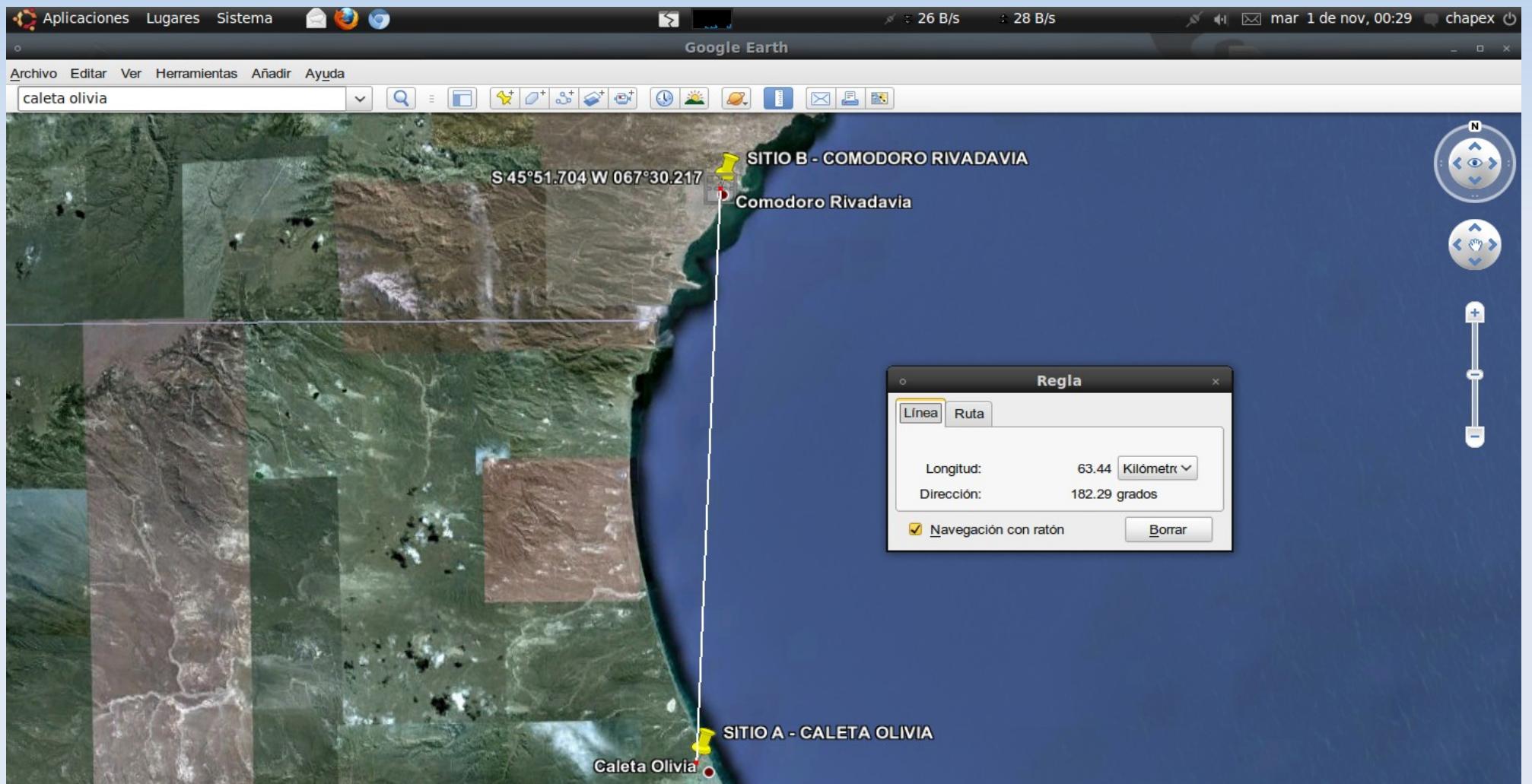


- Punto a Punto interprovincial
- Distancia: 64km
- Condición topográfica: mar 96% / tierra 4%
- Altura punto A: 130m snm
- Altura punto B: 64m snm
- Viento: seco, con una media de 50km/h
- Temperatura agua: 8° - 12°
- Diferencia entre pleamar y bajamar: 3,10 m
- Humedad relativa: 65% invierno - 5% verano

Nv2 sí funciona!



Vista Satelital



Nv2 sí funciona!



Características Generales Equipamiento

- RB532A + Ubiquiti XR5 + Sólidas 32dbi SimplePol
- RB433AH + Ubiquiti XR5 + Sólidas 32dbi SimplePol
- Gabinetes estáncos metálicos Genrod
- Uptime Promedio: 7 días
- Uptime Máximo Registrado: 21 días
- Tiempo entre reasociaciones: 10 ~ 12 sec
- CCQ promedio: 93/95%

Nv2 sí funciona!



Parámetros

admin@10.8.1.3 (MikroTik) - WinBox v4.13 on RB532A (mipsle)

Interfaces

Wireless

Bridge

Mesh

IP

Routing

System

Queues

Files

Log

Radius

Tools

New Terminal

Make Supout.rif

Manual

Exit

6 items

Interface List

Interface	Ethernet	EoIP Tunnel	IP Tunnel	VLAN	VRRP	Bonding		
R. bridge-1	Bridge			1600	12.7 Mbps	12.5 Mbps	1 232	1 233
R. ether1	Ethernet			1600	12.6 Mbps	896.0 kbps	1 227	958
R. ether2	Ethernet			1600	0 bps	0 bps	0	0
R. ether3	Ethernet			1600	0 bps	0 bps	0	0
R. wan	Wireless (Atheros AR...			2290	893.2 kbps	12.7 Mbps	954	1 229
X wds1	WDS				0 bps	0 bps	0	0

Wireless Tables

Interfaces	Nstreme Dual	Access List	Registration	Connect List	Security Profiles			
00156D...	00:15:6D:63:39:79	wan	00:27:56	yes	no	0.010	-57	18.0Mbps/18.0Mbps

Terminal

```
[admin@www.mikrotikrouter.com] > ping 10.8.1.1
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=10 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=16 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=10 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=14 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=8 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=11 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=14 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=11 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=12 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=16 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=11 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=15 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=9 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=15 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=7 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=12 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=16 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=9 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=14 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=18 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=12 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=8 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=10 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=15 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=9 ms
10.8.1.1 64 byte ping: ttl=63 time=12 ms
26 packets transmitted, 26 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 7/12.0/18 ms
[admin@www.mikrotikrouter.com] >
```

Terminal

```
update-stats-interval=disabled default-authentication-method=none
default-forwarding=yes default-ap-tx-limit=0
default-client-tx-limit=0
proprietary-extensions=post-2.9.25 wmm-support=disabled
hide-ssid=no security-profile=default
disconnect-timeout=9s on-fail-retry-time=400ms
preamble-mode=both compression=yes allow-shared-key
station-bridge-clone=mac=00:00:00:00:00:00 tdma-de
tdma-override-rate=disabled tdma-override-size=0
tdma-period-size=10 nv2-queue-count=2 nv2-gos=defa
nv2-cell-radius=64 nv2-security=disabled
nv2-preshared-key="" hw-retries=15 frame-lifetime=
adaptive-noise-immunity=none
hw-fragmentation-threshold=disabled
hw-protection-mode=none hw-protection-threshold=0
frequency-offset=0
[- [Q quit|D dump|U]
```

Nv2 sí funciona!



CDMA/CA

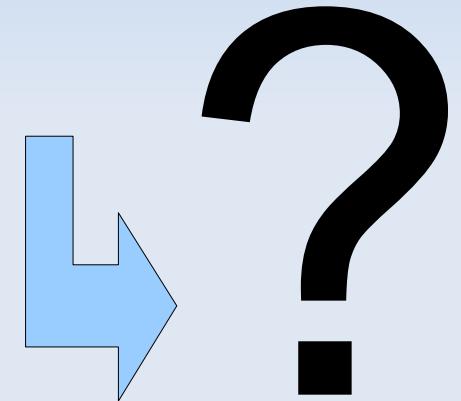
- Uptime promedio = 10 días
- Señal promedio = 60 dbm
- Throughput = 5 mbps half TCP
- Icmp eco = 7 ~ 20ms
- Pérdida bajo carga = 12%
- CCQ = 93 / 95 %

Nv2 TDMA

- Uptime promedio = 7 días
- Señal promedio = 60 dmb
- Throughput = 16 mbps half tcp
- Icmp eco = 9 ~ 28 ms
- Pérdida bajo carga = < 2%
- CCQ = ?

RESULTADO : MEJORA SUPERIOR AL 100% !!!

Nv2 es un éxito!



ENLACE TONIFICADO!!!

PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS

OBJETIVOS

- Comprender el MTU/MRU/MSS
- Como recurrir al PDU para una comunicación sana y eficiente

PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS

“RECUERDE, la mayoría de los problemas son el resultado de una solución previa”

Steve Disher, MUM CZ 09'

PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS

¿Cuando se torna necesario el planteo de análisis? SIEMPRE

¿Es absolutamente necesario contar con herramientas especializadas? NO

¿Es routerOS flexible y nos permite modificar los parámetros necesarios? SI



PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS

Marco teórico

- MTU = unidad máxima de transmisión
 - MRU = unidad máxima de recepción
 - MSS = tamaño máximo de segmento
 - PDU = unidad de datos de protocolo

¿Que función de routerOS trabaja sobre el PDU? R: IPv4 options



PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS

MTU & MSS

- Comprendemos el data payload (DP) de un paquete IP como el tamaño del paquete (PL) menos el tamaño de la cabecera IP

$$DP = PL - IPHL$$

- donde PL se definiría como MTU, máximo tamaño sin recurrir a la fragmentación. $\rightarrow PL = MTU$

$$DP = MTU - IPHL$$

- Encapsulamos IP sobre TCP

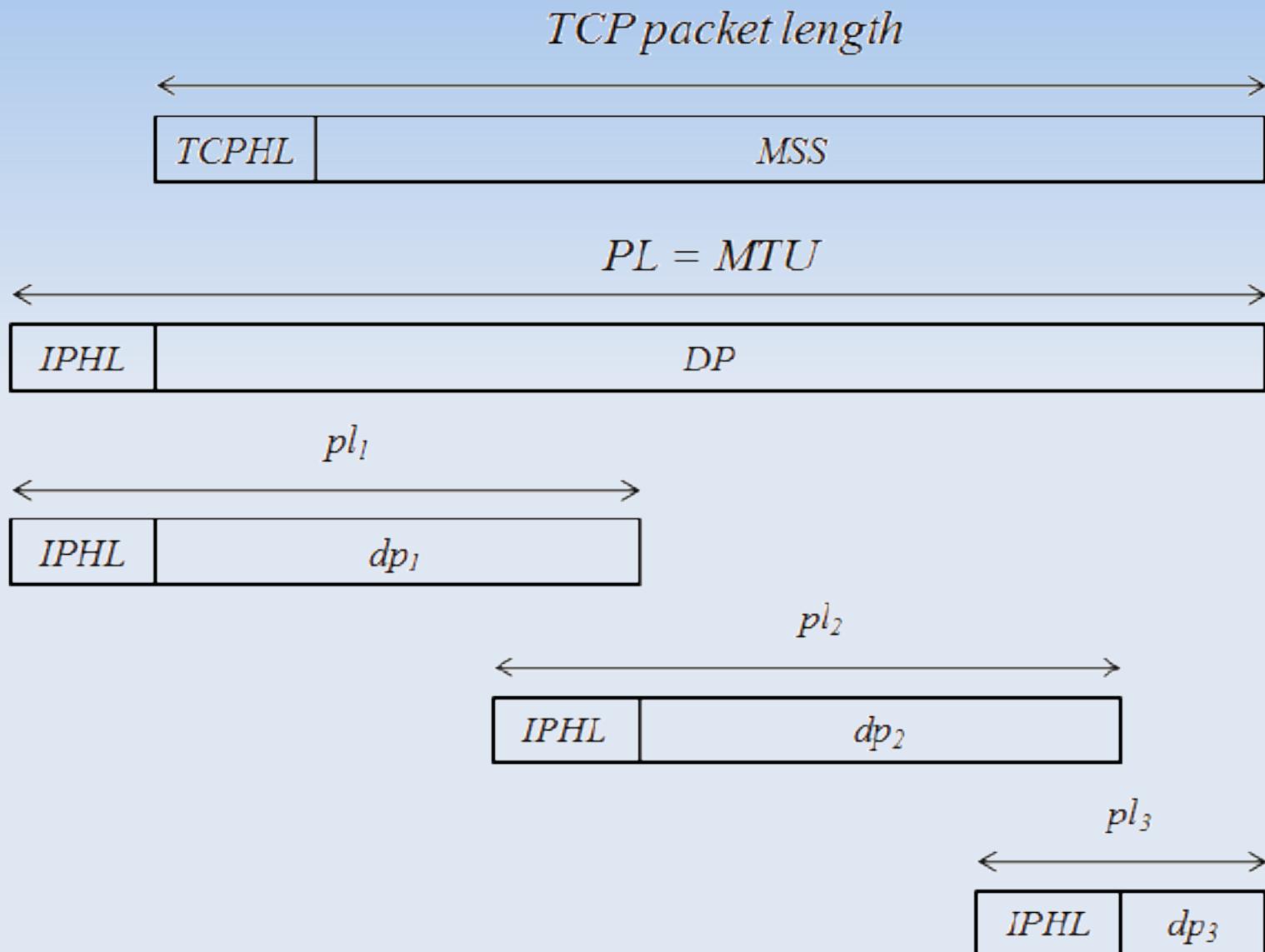
$$DP = TCPHL + MSS$$

- Combinando las últimas dos ecuaciones deducimos:

$$MSS = MTU - IPHL - TCPHL$$



PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS



PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS

MTU & MSS

- Típicamente, las cabeceras TCP e IP ocupan 20bytes c/u

$$\text{MSS} = \text{MTU} - 40$$

- Si el paquete contiene especificadas las IPv4 options, incrementa el overhead

$$\text{MSS} = \text{MTU} - 40 - \text{OP}$$

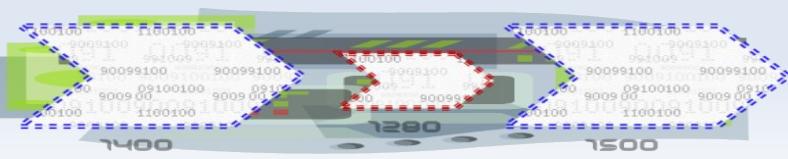
- Generalmente el tamaño de las OP son 2 bytes
Ej: timestamps, etc



TIP!

- En la mayoria de los sistemas operativos tales como:
 - ✓ Windows (2000, XP, SERVER)
 - ✓ Distros GNU/Linux orientadas a servidor
 - ✓ BSD
 - ✓ Unix
 - ✓ Cualquier otro sistema que haga uso avanzado del protocolo Ipv4 acompañado de una capa de transporte

Podemos encontrar soporte para TCP options adicionales, incrementando el overhead!



PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS

MSS : NEGOCIACION

(1) INTERCAMBIO VALOR MSS

(2) VALOR MAS PEQUEÑO

(3) DF=1 → ack=OK!

ICMP tipo 3, codigo 4 → error

DF=0 → ack=OK!

ICMP tipo 3, codigo 4 → error

valor ICMP ← análisis TCP ←

ajuste TCP → ack=OK!



PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS

MSS: NEGOCIACION

- ## ✓ ¿ Cuando podemos setear DF=0 ?

R: Cuando se conoce con certeza la topología y arquitectura intermedia entre los host intercambiantes

- ## ✓ ¿Como es el proceso de Negociación?

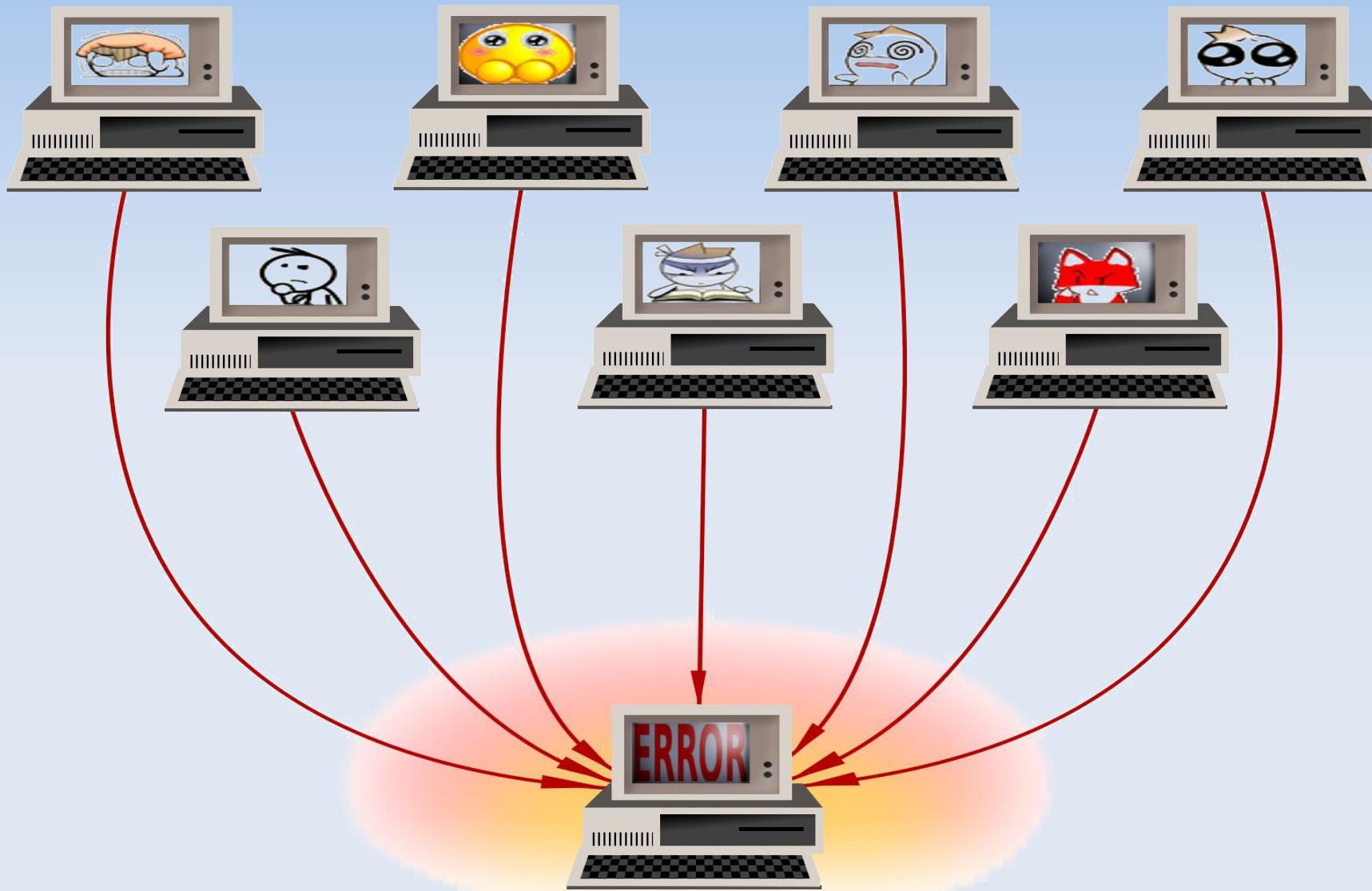
R: Transparente al usuario final

- ✓ ¿ Puede un fallo ser denotado?

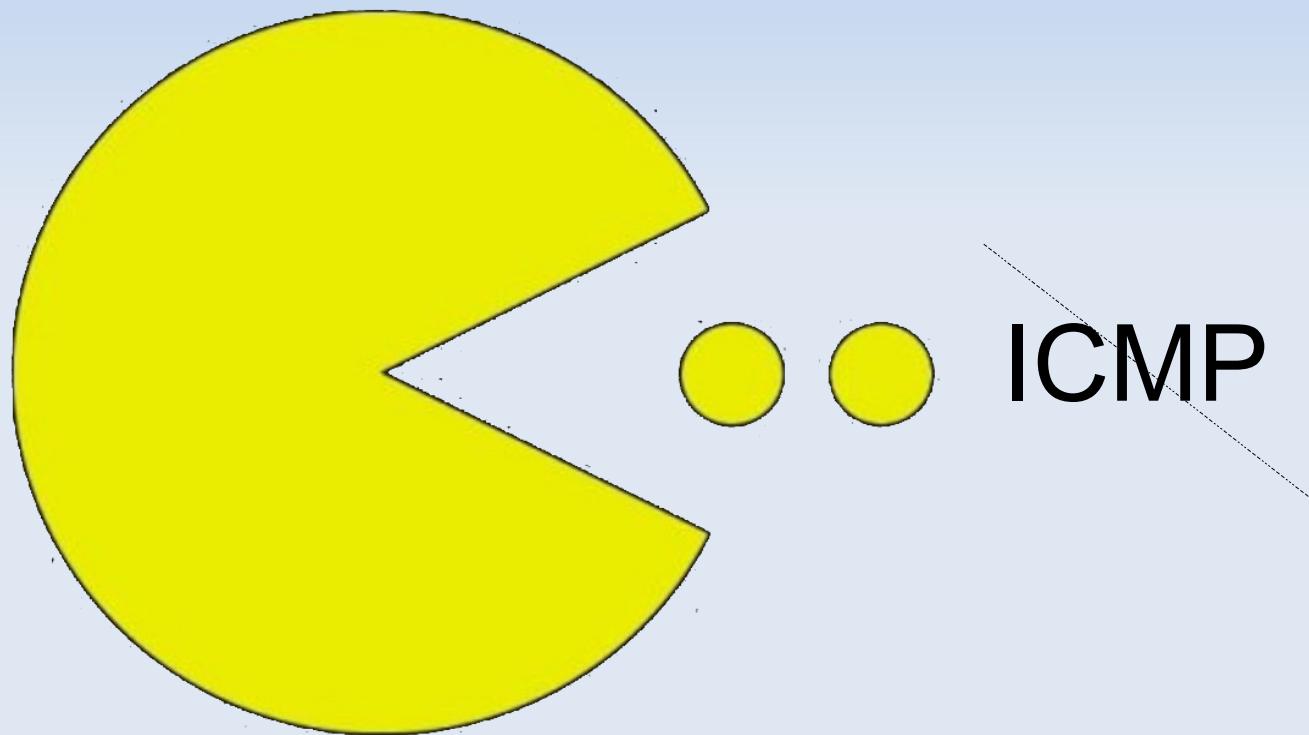
R: afirmativo! , aumento CPU, falla en streaming, carga de páginas, latencia y su consecuente jitter.



TIP!



TIP!



PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS

New Firewall Rule

General Advanced Extra Action Statistics

Chain:

Src. Address:

Dst. Address:

Protocol:

Src. Port:

Dst. Port:

Any. Port:

P2P:

In. Interface: wan

Out. Interface:

Packet Mark:

Connection Mark:

Routing Mark:

Routing Table:

Connection Type:

Connection State:

disabled

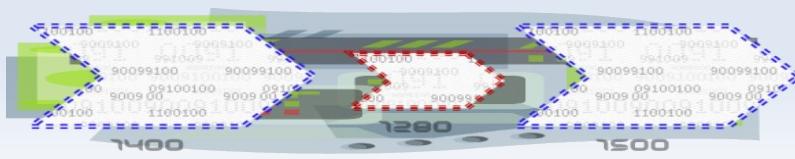
New Firewall Rule

General Advanced Extra Action Statistics

Action:

OK Cancel Apply Disable Comment Copy Remove Reset Counters Reset All Counters

disabled



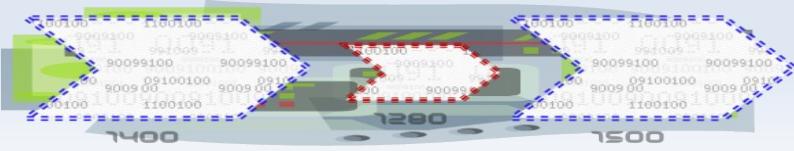
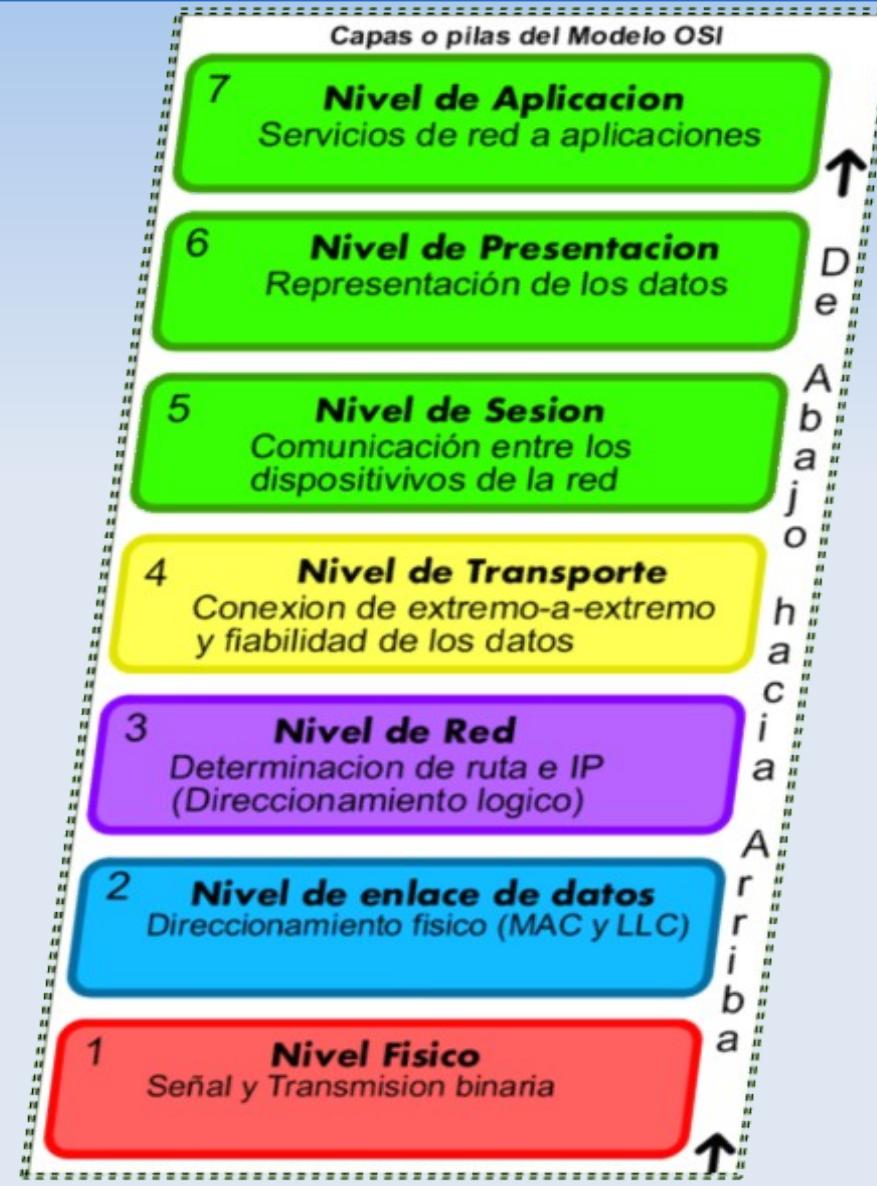
PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS

SI DESEARAMOS ALGO MAS AVANZADO SIN RECURRIR AL DROP

```
0 chain=prerouting action=strip-ipv4-options  
1 chain=postrouting action=strip-ipv4-options  
2 chain=output action=strip-ipv4-options  
3 chain=input action=strip-ipv4-options
```

```
0 chain=prerouting action=strip-ipv4-options protocol=tcp ipv4-options=any  
1 chain=postrouting action=strip-ipv4-options protocol=tcp ipv4-options=any  
2 chain=input action=strip-ipv4-options protocol=tcp ipv4-options=any  
3 chain=output action=strip-ipv4-options protocol=tcp ipv4-options=any
```

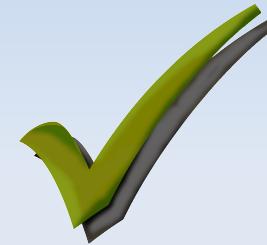
PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS



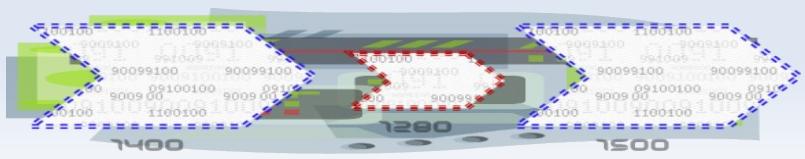
PDU: Análisis y control bajo rOS

SI DESEARAMOS ALGO MAS AVANZADO SIN
RECURRIR AL DROP

- ```
0 chain=prerouting action=strip-ipv4-options
1 chain=postrouting action=strip-ipv4-options
2 chain=output action=strip-ipv4-options
3 chain=input action=strip-ipv4-options
```



```
0 chain=prerouting action=strip-ipv4-options protocol=tcp ipv4-options=any
1 chain=postrouting action=strip-ipv4-options protocol=tcp ipv4-options=any
2 chain=input action=strip-ipv4-options protocol=tcp ipv4-options=any
3 chain=output action=strip-ipv4-options protocol=tcp ipv4-options=any
```



# VALORES OPTIMOS

# TRES OPCIONES

- SIMPLE
  - INTERMEDIO
  - AVANZADO

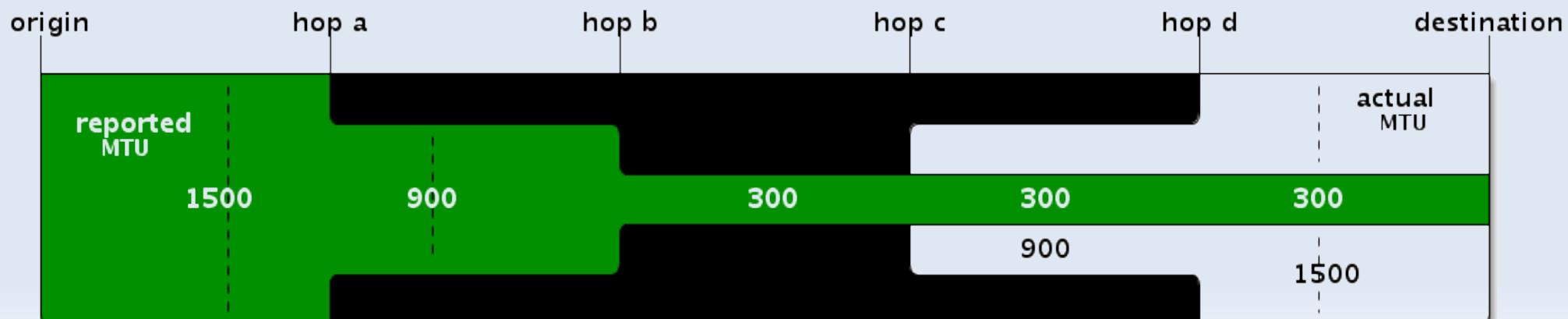


# VALORES OPTIMOS

■ SIMPLE → AUTOMATICO

NO REQUIERE INVESTIGACION

MTUroute → <http://www.elifulkerson.com/projects/mturoute.php>



# VALORES OPTIMOS

## ■ INTERMEDIO

windows

ping [-f] [-l <tamaño de paquete>] [host]

ej: ping -f -l 1480 http://www.google.com

(result = "Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.")

GNU/Linux (ubuntu en mi caso particular)

ping [-M do] [-s <tamaño de paquete>] [host]

ej: ping -M do -s 1480 http://www.google.com

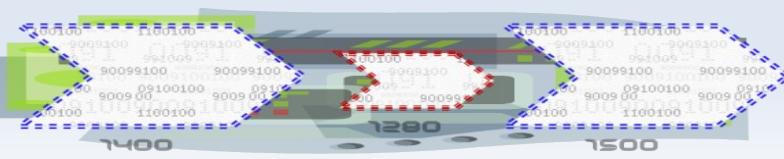
(result = "Frag needed and DF set")

Mac (leopard en este ejemplo)

ping [-D] [-s <packet size>] [host]

ping -D -s 1480 http://www.google.com

(result = "frag needed and DF set")



# VALORES OPTIMOS

C:\Users\egarcia>ping -f -l 1465 yahoo.com

```
Pinging yahoo.com [69.147.114.224] with 1465 bytes of data:
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
```

## Ping statistics for 69.147.114.224:

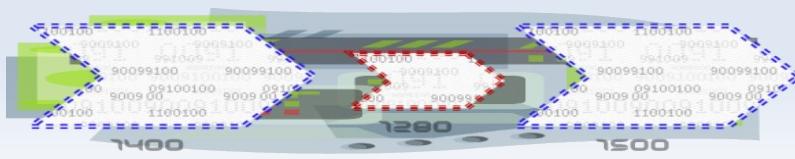
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

C:\Users\egarcia>ping -f -l 1464 yahoo.com

```
Pinging yahoo.com [69.147.114.224] with 1464 bytes of data:
Reply from 69.147.114.224: bytes=1464 time=162ms TTL=52
Reply from 69.147.114.224: bytes=1464 time=144ms TTL=52
Reply from 69.147.114.224: bytes=1464 time=155ms TTL=52
Reply from 69.147.114.224: bytes=1464 time=170ms TTL=52
```

## Ping statistics for 69.147.114.224:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),  
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:  
Minimum = 144ms, Maximum = 170ms, Average = 157ms



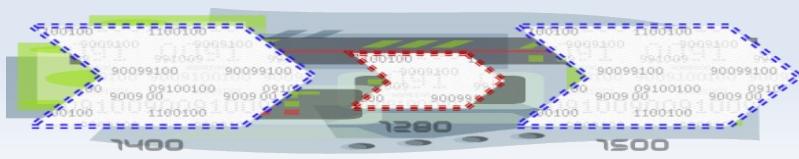
# VALORES OPTIMOS

## ■ AVANZADO

```
[admin@MikroTik] tool sniffer> set streaming-server=192.168.0.240 \
\... streaming-enabled=yes file-name=test
[admin@MikroTik] tool sniffer> print
 interface: all
 only-headers: no
 memory-limit: 1000KiB
 memory-scroll: no
 file-name: test
 file-limit: 10KiB
 streaming-enabled: yes
 streaming-server: 192.168.0.240
 filter-stream: yes
 running: no
[admin@MikroTik] tool sniffer> start
[admin@MikroTik] tool sniffer> stop
```

## COMANDOS

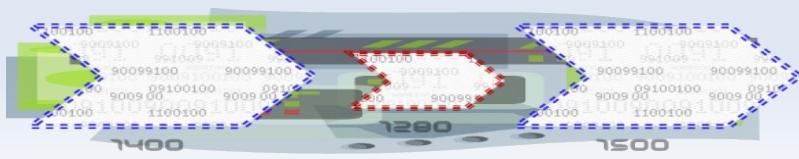
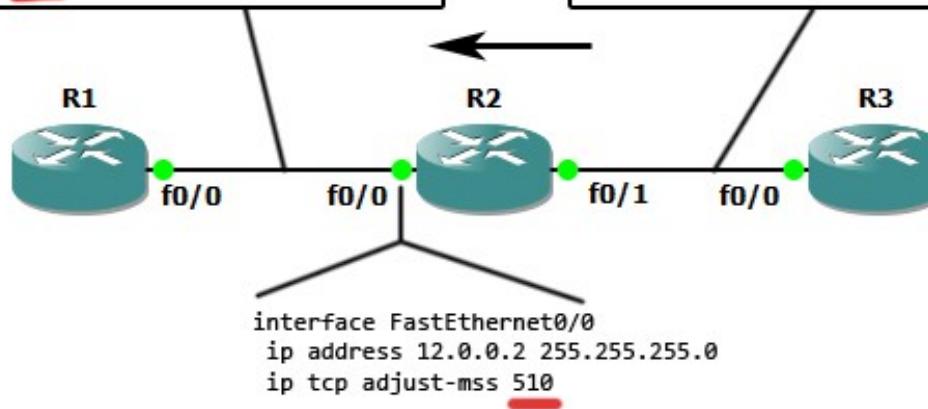
/ tool sniffer start, / tool sniffer stop, / tool sniffer save



# VALORES OPTIMOS

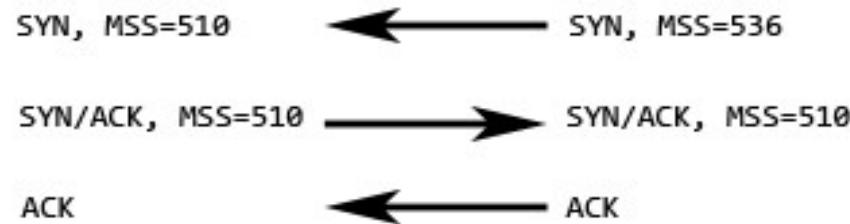
```
+ Frame 274 (58 bytes on wire, 58 bytes captured)
+ Ethernet II, Src: c2:03:0f:6c:00:00 (c2:03:0f:6c:00:00)
+ Internet Protocol, Src: 3.3.3.3 (3.3.3.3), Dst: 1.1.1.1
+ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 11610 (11610)
 Source port: 11610 (11610)
 Destination port: bgp (179)
 <Source or Destination Port: 11610>
 <Source or Destination Port: 179>
 [stream index: 5]
 <TCP Segment Len: 0>
 Sequence number: 0 (relative sequence number)
 Header length: 24 bytes
+ Flags: 0x02 (SYN)
 window size: 16384
+ Checksum: 0xfcfc [validation disabled]
+ Options: (4 bytes)
 <TCP MSS Option: True>
 Maximum segment size: 510 bytes
```

```
+ Frame 140 (60 bytes on wire, 60 bytes captured)
+ Ethernet II, Src: c2:04:12:40:00:00 (c2:04:12:40:00:00)
+ Internet Protocol, Src: 3.3.3.3 (3.3.3.3), Dst: 1.1.1.1
+ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 11610 (11610),
 Source port: 11610 (11610)
 Destination port: bgp (179)
 <Source or Destination Port: 11610>
 <Source or Destination Port: 179>
 [stream index: 3]
 <TCP Segment Len: 0>
 Sequence number: 0 (relative sequence number)
 Header length: 24 bytes
+ Flags: 0x02 (SYN)
 window size: 16384
+ Checksum: 0xfcce [validation disabled]
+ Options: (4 bytes)
 <TCP MSS Option: True>
 Maximum segment size: 536 bytes
```

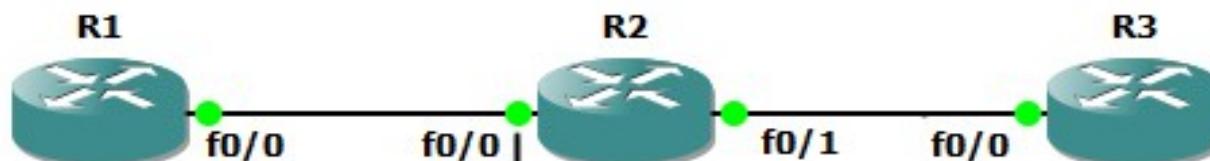
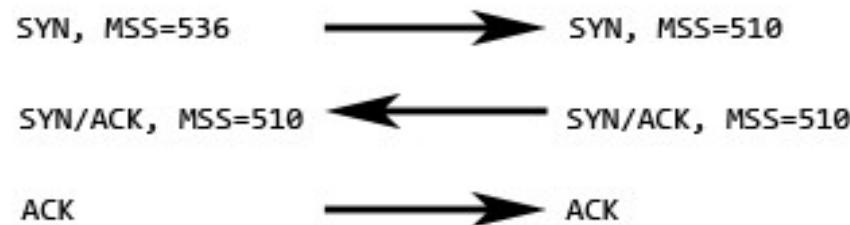


# VALORES OPTIMOS

## 1) R3 requests connection



## 2) R1 requests connection



```
interface FastEthernet0/0
ip address 12.0.0.2 255.255.255.0
ip tcp adjust-mss 510
```

# AJUSTE FINAL

**New Mangle Rule**

- General** | Advanced | Extra | Action | Statistics
- Chain: forward
- Src. Address:
- Dst. Address:
- Protocol:
- Src. Port:
- Dst. Port:
- Any. Port:
- P2P:
- In. Interface:
- Out. Interface:  pppoe-out2
- Packet Mark:
- Connection Mark:
- Routing Mark:
- Routing Table:
- Connection Type:
- Connection State:

- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
-

**New Mangle Rule**

- General** | Advanced | Extra | Action | Statistics
- Src. Address List:
- Dst. Address List:
- Layer7 Protocol:
- Content:
- Connection Bytes:
- Connection Rate:
- Per Connection Classifier:
- Src. MAC Address:
- Out. Bridge Port:
- In. Bridge Port:
- Ingress Priority:
- DSCP (TOS):
- TCP MSS:  1410-65535
- Packet Size:
- Random:

▲ TCP Flags

- TCP Flags:  syn
- Invert

▼ ICMP Options

|                                                |         |  |         |  |  |           |        |     |   |
|------------------------------------------------|---------|--|---------|--|--|-----------|--------|-----|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> change MSS | forward |  | 6 (tcp) |  |  | pppoe-... |        | 0 B | 0 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> change MSS | forward |  | 6 (tcp) |  |  | pppoe-... | 2268 B | 45  |   |

# AJUSTE FINAL

New Mangle Rule

General Advanced Extra Action Statistics

Action: change MSS

New TCP MSS: 1440

OK Cancel Apply Disable Comment Copy Remove Reset Counters Reset All Counters

disabled

# MATERIAL DE CONSULTA

- RFC 1191 – path MTU discovery

<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1191>

- RFC 879 – TCP segment size y relacionados

<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1191>

PDU y protocolo de comunicación de datos

<http://html.rincondelvago.com/protocolos-de-comunicacion-de-datos.html>

- ROUTEROS PACKET SNIFFER

[http://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Tools/Packet\\_Sniffer](http://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Tools/Packet_Sniffer)

**FIN**

**Preguntas?**

**MUCHAS GRACIAS !!!**

[luchonum@gmail.com](mailto:luchonum@gmail.com)

**mum**



MikroTik User Meeting in Argentina  
Buenos Aires, November 10-11, 2011