

Hardening Mikrotik RouterOS



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MUM Phnom Penh, Cambodia

By Sarpich RATH (Peter)

About PPIC



- Qualified and Vocational IT Training Center
- Found in late 2013. Offer service in June 2014
- Partners

MikroTik Academy

Cisco Networking Academy

Pearson VUE

Prometric



About Me



- Sarpich RATH (Peter)
- First used RouterOS since 2008
- MTCNA, MTCRE, Academy Trainer
- CCNA, CCNA Security, CCNP, Cisco Instructor
- Trainer @PPIC and AEU

Topic: Hardening MikroTik RouterOS



- Customized RouterOS setting
- RouterOS Firewall
- Recommendation

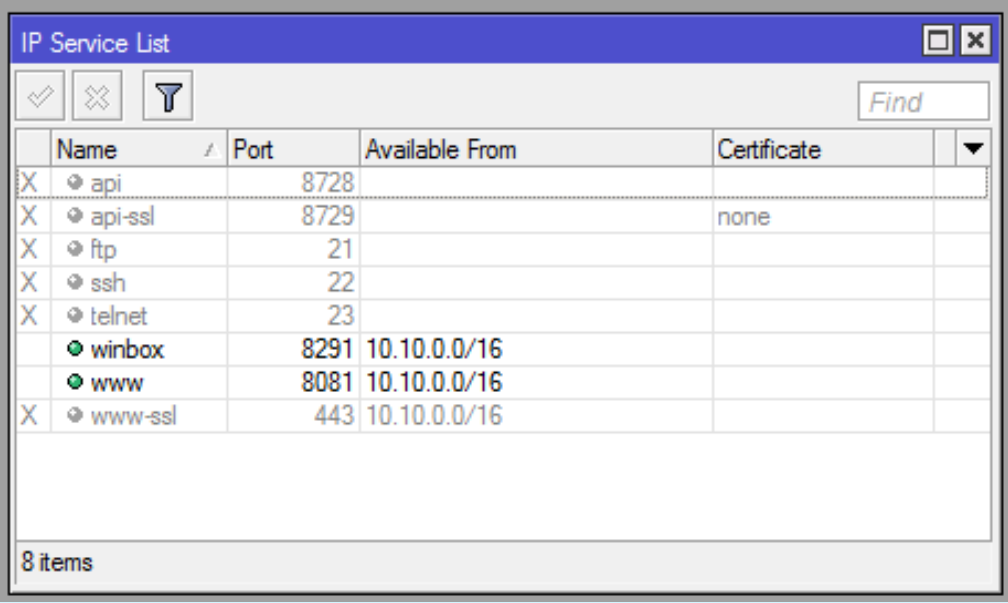
Customized RouterOS setting



Login Services: IP->Services



- Disable unused services
- Or modify default port
- Limit access from specific network



The screenshot shows a window titled "IP Service List" with a table of services. The table has columns for Name, Port, Available From, and Certificate. The services listed are api, api-ssl, ftp, ssh, telnet, winbox, www, and www-ssl. The 'Available From' column shows IP ranges for winbox, www, and www-ssl.

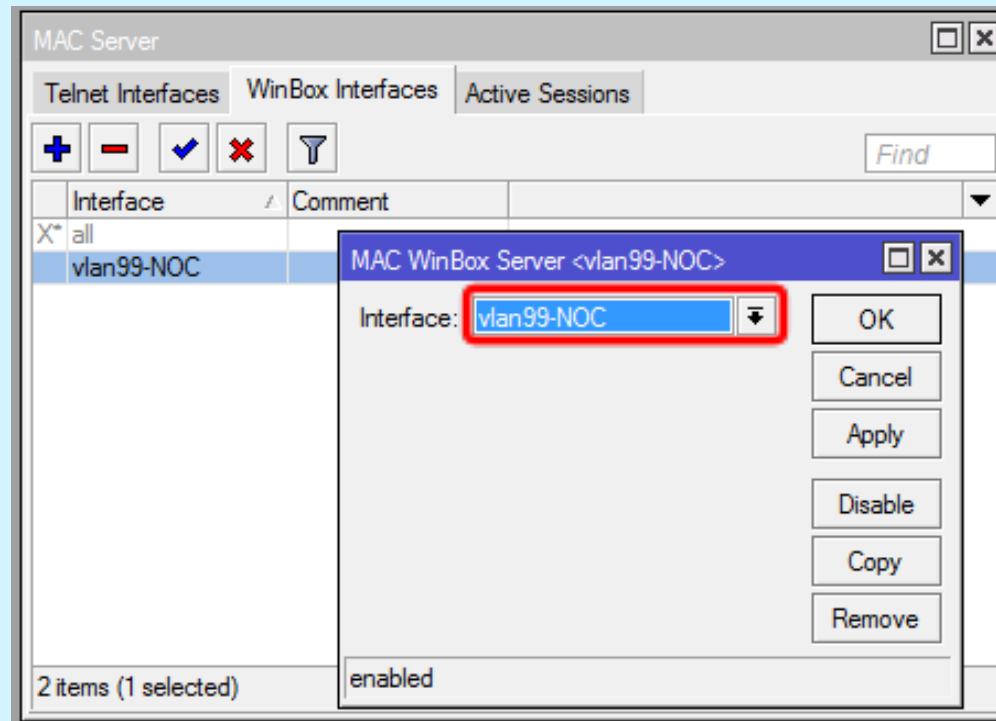
	Name	Port	Available From	Certificate
X	api	8728		
X	api-ssl	8729		none
X	ftp	21		
X	ssh	22		
X	telnet	23		
	winbox	8291	10.10.0.0/16	
	www	8081	10.10.0.0/16	
X	www-ssl	443	10.10.0.0/16	

8 items

MAC WinBox: Tools->MAC Server



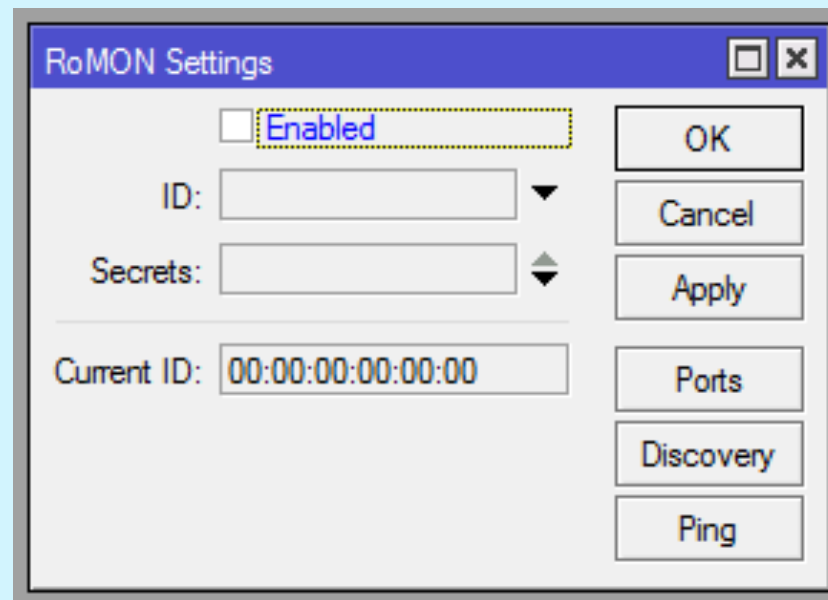
- Disable Allow to login from all interfaces
- Allow from specific interface only



RoMON: Tools->RoMON



- Disable by default
- /tool romon set enabled=no



Login Credentials: System->Users



- Rename default admin account
- Strong password policy
- Set the right permission (group) to router users
- Backup login account

Name	Group	Allowed Address	Last Logged In
badmin	full	127.0.0.1	
itadmin	read		Jul/04/2016 23:21:16
peter	full		Apr/08/2017 17:07:26
sovann	write		Nov/06/2014 11:51:27
student	read		Jan/09/2015 10:00:34
test	write		Mar/22/2016 16:52:33
user1	read		Oct/19/2015 18:45:53

7 items

Router Interface



- Disable all unused interfaces on your router, in order to decrease unauthorized access to your router.

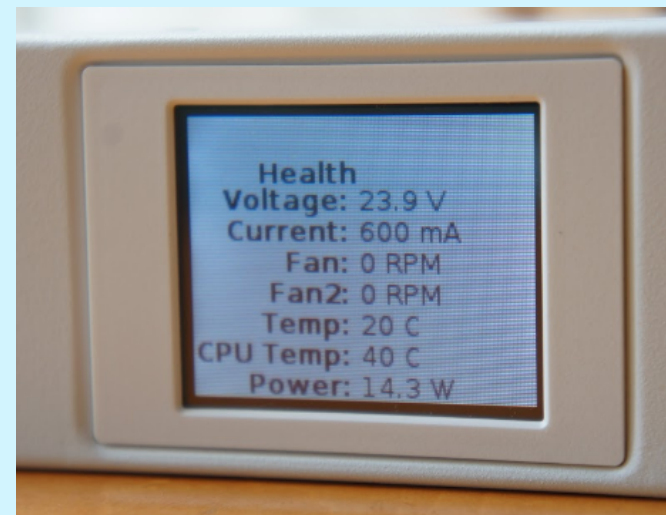
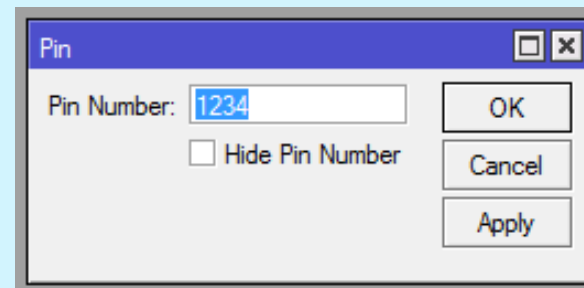
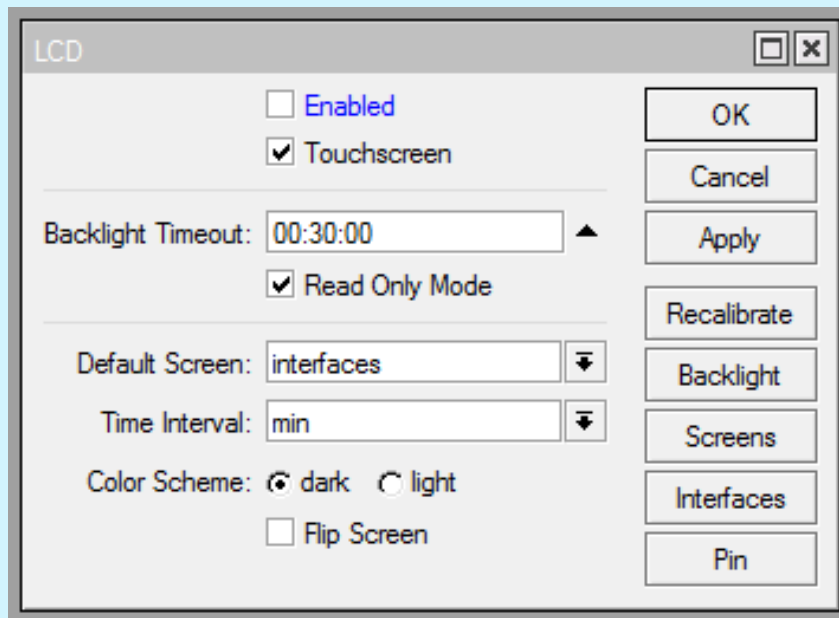
	Name	Type	Actual MTU	L2 MTU	Tx	Rx
R	bridge-all-ports	Bridge	1500	1598	130.3 kbps	
RS	ether01-IN	Ethernet	1500	1598	130.7 kbps	
S	ether02	Ethernet	1500	1598	0 bps	
S	ether03	Ethernet	1500	1598	0 bps	
S	ether04	Ethernet	1500	1598	0 bps	
RS	ether05	Ethernet	1500	1598	512 bps	
X	ether06	Ethernet	1500	1598	0 bps	
X	ether07	Ethernet	1500	1598	0 bps	
X	ether08	Ethernet	1500	1598	0 bps	
X	ether09	Ethernet	1500	1598	0 bps	
X	ether10	Ethernet	1500	1598	0 bps	
X	sfp 1	Ethernet	1500	1598	0 bps	
S	wlan1-AP	Wireless (Atheros AR9...	1500	1600	0 bps	

13 items (1 selected)

LCD touch screen



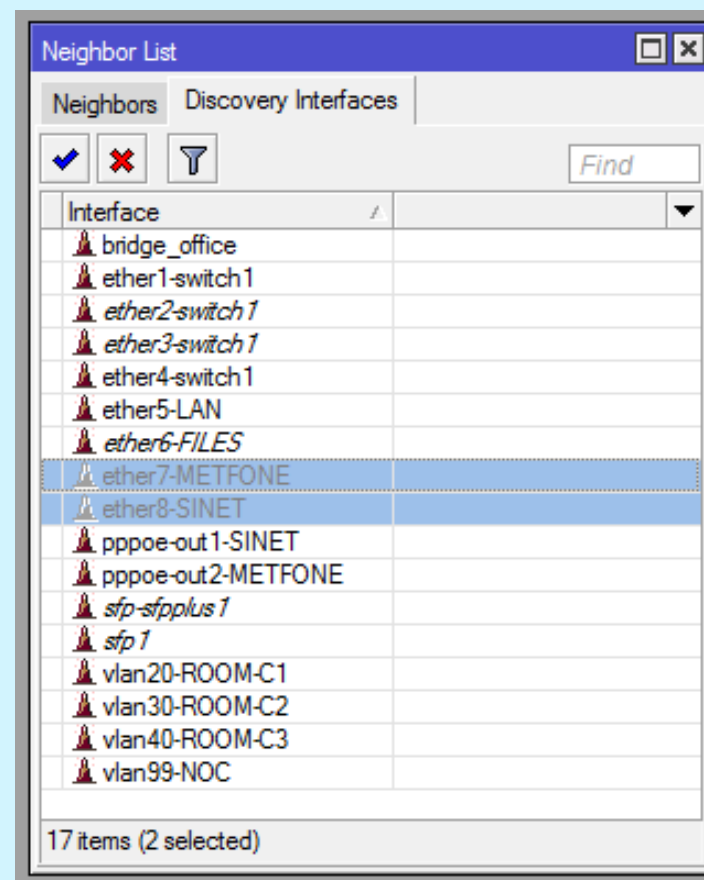
- Some RouterBOARDs have LCD module for informational purpose, set pin or disable it.



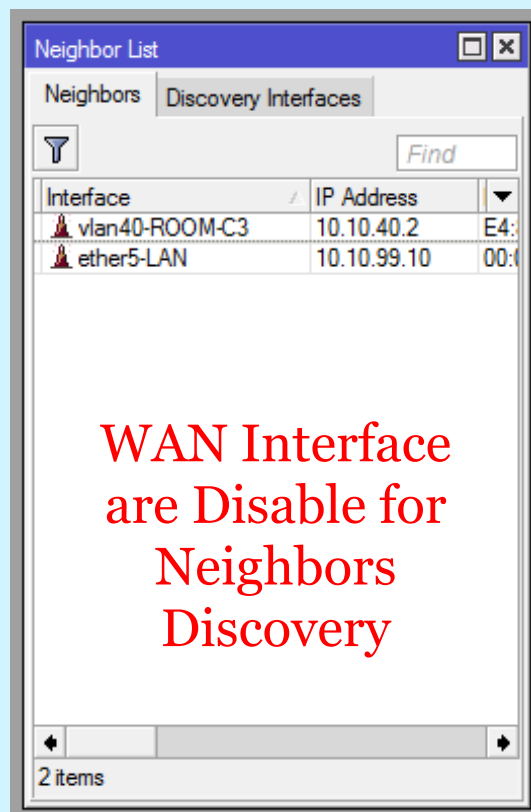
Neighbor Discovery: IP->Neighbors



- Disable Discovery on Interface that connect to Internet



Neighbor Discovery: IP->Neighbors

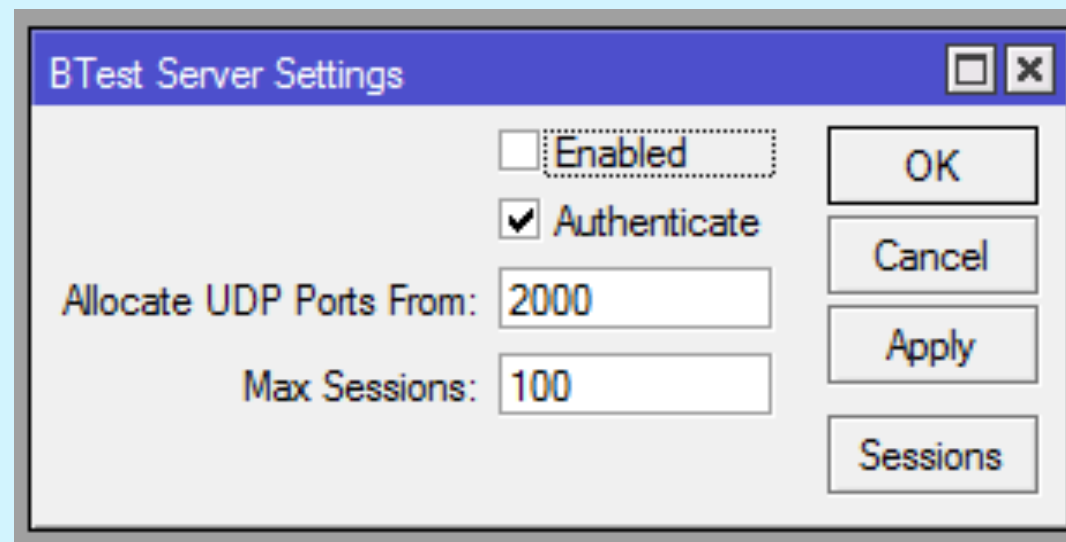


Interface	IP Address	MAC Address	Identity	Platform	Version	Board Name	IPv6	Age (s)	Uptime
ether8-SINET		EC:08:6B:04:CD:73	MikroTik	MikroTik	5.20	x86	yes	59	2d 18:
ether8-SINET		E4:8D:8C:E9:48:4D	Bunn IBC SID: 11807	MikroTik	6.37.1 (stable)	RB951Ui-2HnD	no	23	27d 23:
ether8-SINET		E4:8D:8C:AE:3C:B7	RGB (SID: 12013)	MikroTik	6.38 (stable)	RB951Ui-2HnD	no	42	1d 02:
ether8-SINET		E4:8D:8C:A5:B3:54	MikroTik	MikroTik	6.28	RB750r2	no	35	1d 20:
vlan40-ROOM...	10.10...	E4:8D:8C:7F:FD:42	PPIC-TEACHER-AP	MikroTik	6.38.1 (stable)	RB2011UiAS-2HnD	no	50	1d 01:
ether8-SINET		E4:8D:8C:5B:32:58	TK	MikroTik	6.30.4	RB951Ui-2nD	no	3	00:
ether8-SINET		E4:8D:8C:46:3C:A3	Wong and Meas	MikroTik	6.30.4	RB951G-2HnD	no	22	2d 20:
ether8-SINET		E4:8D:8C:19:DC:69	MikroTik	MikroTik	6.23	RB2011UiAS-2HnD	no	19	1d 16:
ether8-SINET		D4:CA:6D:E4:70:0C	MikroTik	MikroTik	6.36.2 (stable)	RB750GL	no	12	07:
ether8-SINET		D4:CA:6D:E3:E2:75	MikroTik	MikroTik	6.37.3 (stable)	RB750GL	no	37	07:
ether8-SINET		D4:CA:6D:E3:33:0C	Sanvaly 2M	MikroTik	6.15	RB750	no	54	00:
ether8-SINET	172.28...	D4:CA:6D:E0:A5:BD	BC9	MikroTik	6.37.5 (bugfix)	RB951G-2HnD	no	18	4d 04:
ether8-SINET		D4:CA:6D:91:39:64	CityMall	MikroTik	6.35.2 (stable)	RB750GL	no	43	4d 19:
ether8-SINET		D4:CA:6D:90:57:E3	SR7	MikroTik	6.35.4 (stable)	RB750GL	no	19	5d 00:
ether8-SINET		D4:CA:6D:50:9D:1C	MikroTik	MikroTik	6.35.2 (stable)	RB951-2n	no	1	3d 01:
ether8-SINET		D4:CA:6D:3D:CE:2D	MikroTik	MikroTik	6.38.1 (stable)	RB450G	no	39	11:
ether8-SINET		D4:CA:6D:3C:69:71	The Blue Pumpkin	MikroTik	6.12	RB750	no	42	1d 17:
ether8-SINET		D4:CA:6D:3A:D2:39	MikroTik	MikroTik	6.37.1 (stable)	RB450G	no	46	8d 04:
ether8-SINET		6C:3B:6B:F4:10:5C	MikroTik	MikroTik	6.34.3 (stable)	RB951Ui-2HnD	no	58	1d 06:
ether8-SINET		6C:3B:6B:F3:12:F6	MikroTik	MikroTik	6.34.3 (stable)	RB951Ui-2HnD	no	31	27d 05:
ether8-SINET		6C:3B:6B:F2:78:B9	Home	MikroTik	6.35.2 (stable)	RB2011UiAS-2HnD	no	46	2d 01:
ether8-SINET		6C:3B:6B:D9:A7:4D	MikroTik	MikroTik	6.37.4 (bugfix)	RB2011UiAS-2HnD	no	49	1d 23:
ether8-SINET		6C:3B:6B:92:51:E2	MikroTik	MikroTik	6.34.3 (stable)	RB450G	no	46	36d 08:

BTest Server: Tools-> Btest Server



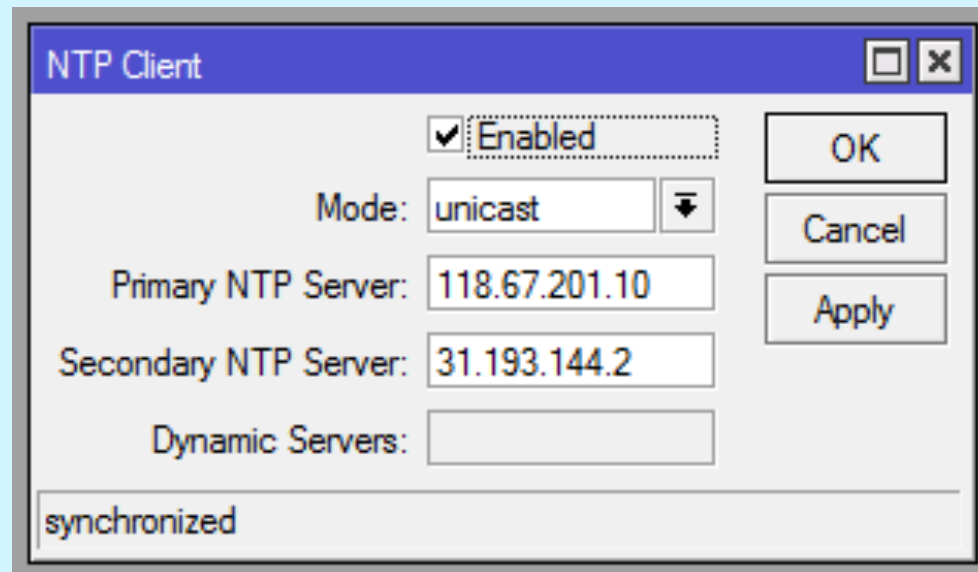
- Bandwidth Test
- Disable when not used it



NTP Clock Synchronization



- Keep the router sync with accurate clock
- Server: kh.pool.ntp.org



The screenshot shows the 'NTP Client' configuration window. It has a title bar with 'NTP Client' and standard window controls. The main area contains the following fields and controls:

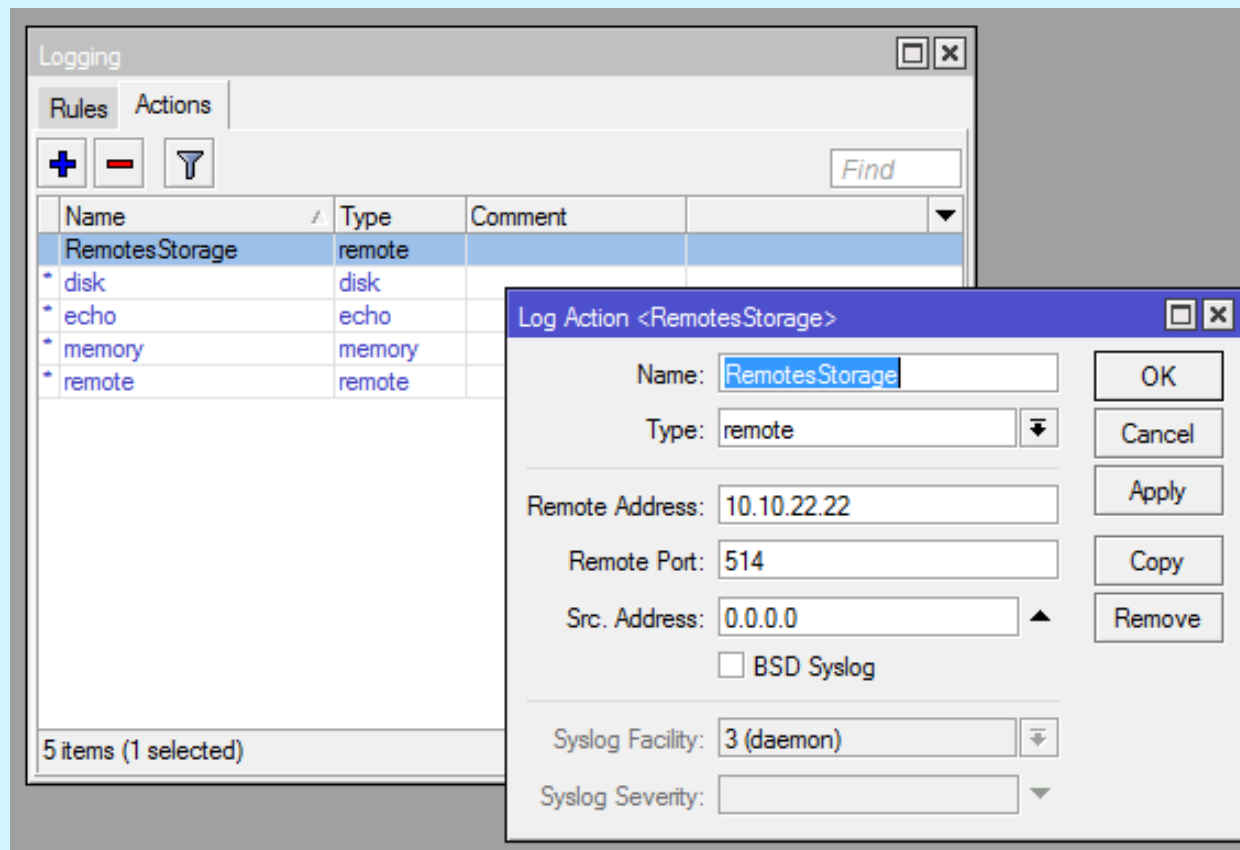
- ☒ Enabled
- Mode: unicast (with a dropdown arrow)
- Primary NTP Server: 118.67.201.10
- Secondary NTP Server: 31.193.144.2
- Dynamic Servers: (empty text box)

On the right side, there are three buttons: OK, Cancel, and Apply. At the bottom left, there is a status field labeled 'synchronized'.

Logging: System->Logging



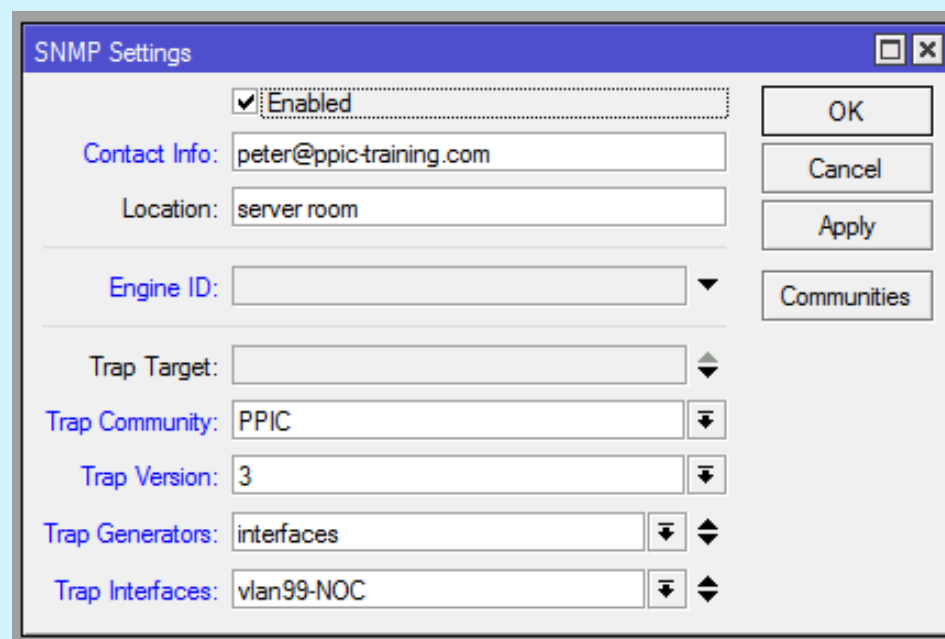
- Send log message to SysLog Server



SNMP: IP->SNMP



- Simple Network Management Protocol
- Used to Monitor Bandwidth and resource usages.



The image shows a screenshot of a network device's 'SNMP Settings' configuration window. The window has a title bar with 'SNMP Settings' and standard window controls. The main area contains several fields and buttons. At the top, there is a checkbox labeled 'Enabled' which is checked. Below this are three text input fields: 'Contact Info' with the value 'peter@ppic-training.com', 'Location' with the value 'server room', and 'Engine ID' which is empty. To the right of these fields are three buttons: 'OK', 'Cancel', and 'Apply'. Below the 'Engine ID' field is a 'Communities' button. Further down are four more fields: 'Trap Target' (empty), 'Trap Community' (value 'PPIC'), 'Trap Version' (value '3'), and 'Trap Generators' (value 'interfaces'). Each of these four fields has a small up/down arrow icon to its right. At the bottom is the 'Trap Interfaces' field with the value 'vlan99-NOC', also with an up/down arrow icon to its right.

Enabled	OK
Contact Info: peter@ppic-training.com	Cancel
Location: server room	Apply
Engine ID:	Communities
Trap Target:	
Trap Community: PPIC	
Trap Version: 3	
Trap Generators: interfaces	
Trap Interfaces: vlan99-NOC	

Wireless Client Isolation



- Allows multiple clients to be on the same network, but not send traffic to each other.
- **Attention!!!** streaming content to/from other devices such as Chromecast, AppleTV, Roku, etc... will not work on the same AP.

Interface <wlan1-AP>

General Wireless HT HT MCS WDS Nstreme NV2 Status ...

Mode: ap bridge

Band: 2GHz-only-N

Channel Width: 20MHz

Frequency: 2412 MHz

SSID: PPIC 3rd Floor Front

Scan List: default

Wireless Protocol: any

Security Profile: profile2_no_password

WPS Mode: disabled

Bridge Mode: enabled

VLAN Mode: no tag

VLAN ID: 1

Default AP Tx Rate: bps

Default Client Tx Rate: bps

☒ Default Authenticate

☐ Default Forward

☐ Hide SSID

OK

Cancel

Apply

Disable

Comment

Advanced Mode

Torch

WPS Accept

WPS Client

Setup Repeater

Scan...

Freq. Usage...

Align...

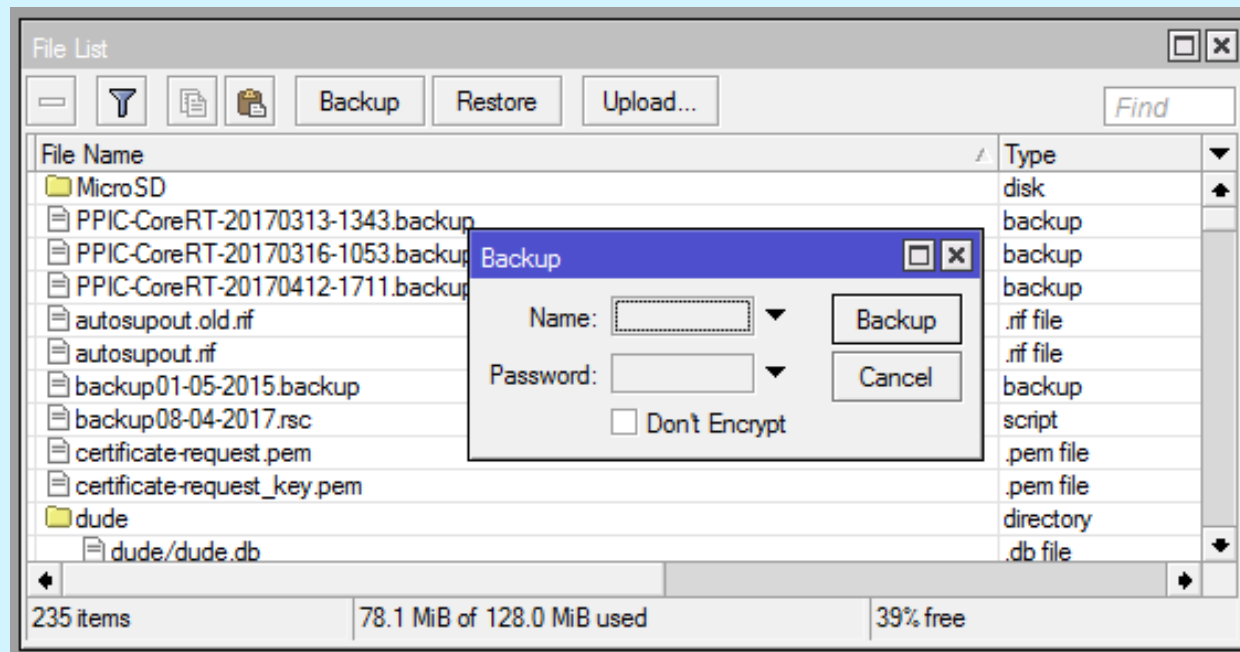
Sniff...

Snooper...

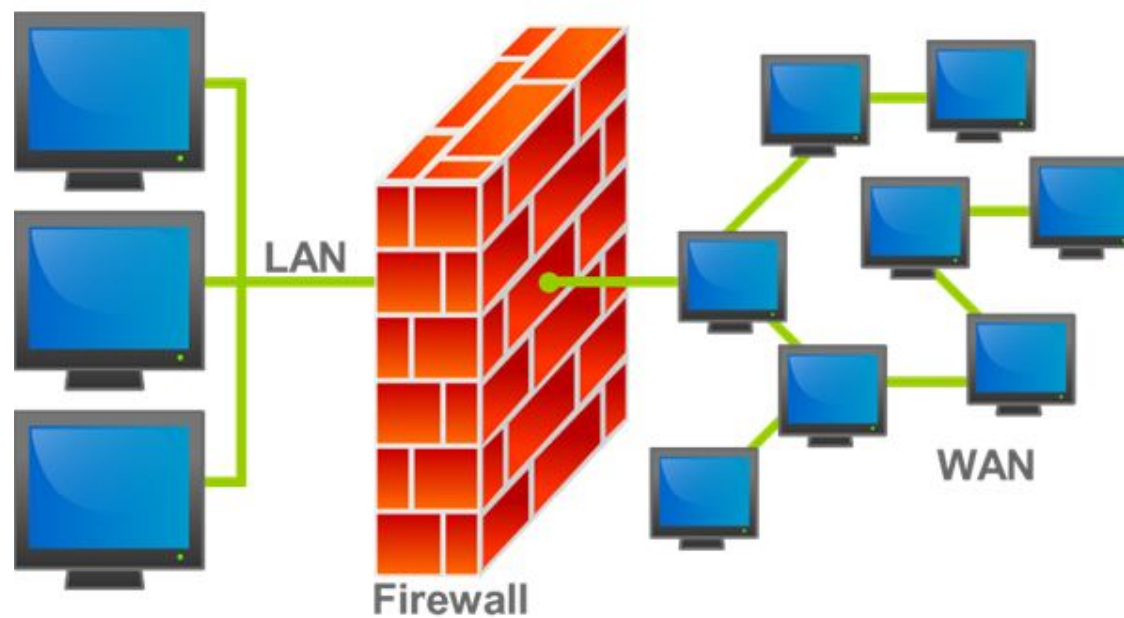
Reset Configuration

enabled running slave running ap

Configuration Backup



RouterOS Firewall



What is FW used for?



- Preventing unauthorized access to networks
- Protect itself
- Filter for incoming and outgoing traffic.
- Protect and hide the server inside
- etc.

What can RouterOS FW do?



- stateful packet inspection
- Layer-7 protocol detection
- peer-to-peer protocols filtering
- traffic classification by:
 - source MAC address
 - IP addresses (network or list) and address types (broadcast, local, multicast, unicast)
 - port or port range
 - IP protocols
 - interface the packet arrived from or left through
 - internal flow and connection marks
 - packet size
 - packet arrival time
- and much more!

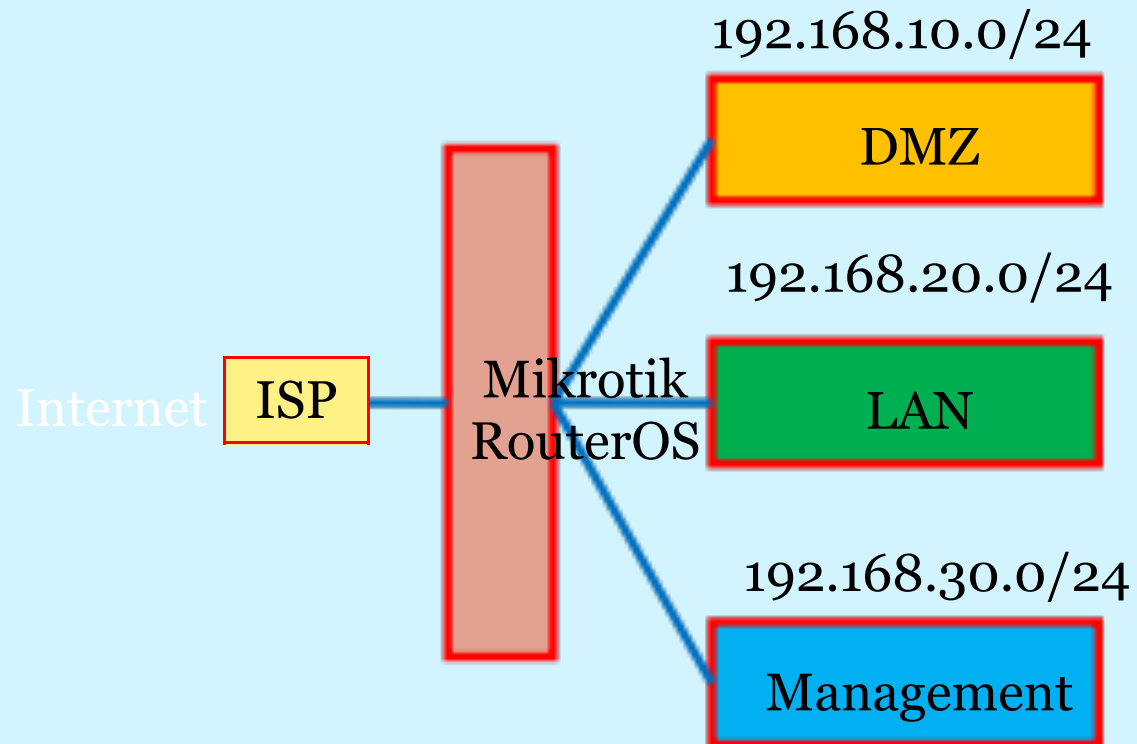
Sample Network design



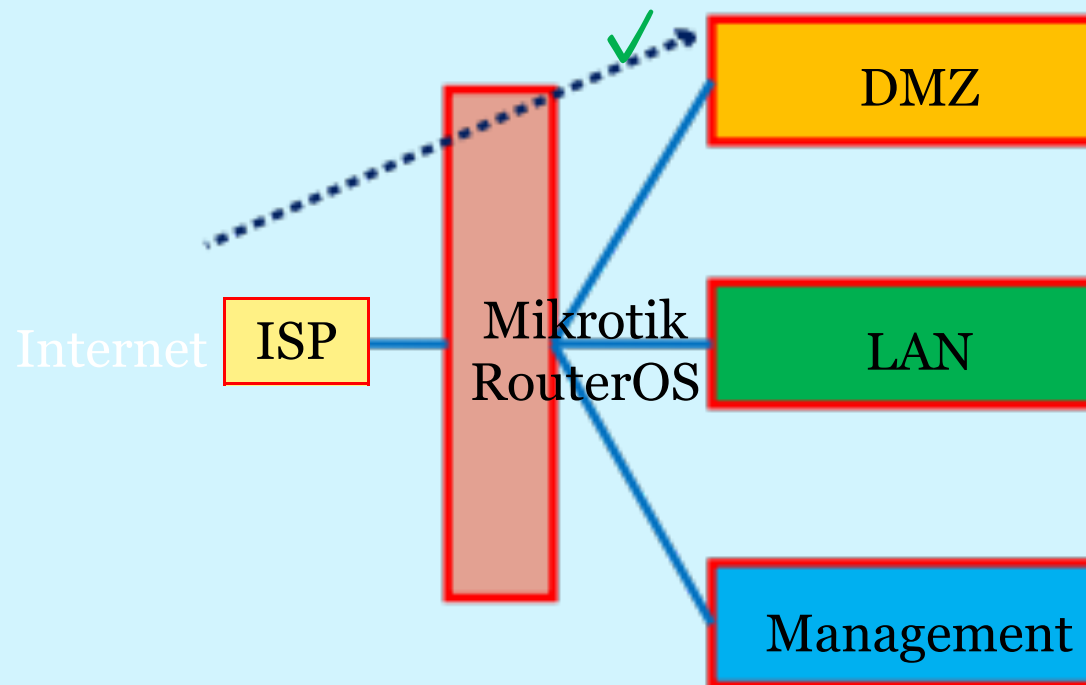
	Outside	Inside		
	ether1	ether2	ether3	ether4
Connect to	Internet	DMZ, Server	LAN	Management
Network	100.1.1.0/30	192.168.10.0/24	192.168.20.0/24	192.168.30.0/24

*** If we don't have enough ports, then can used VLAN for DMZ, LAN and Management network.

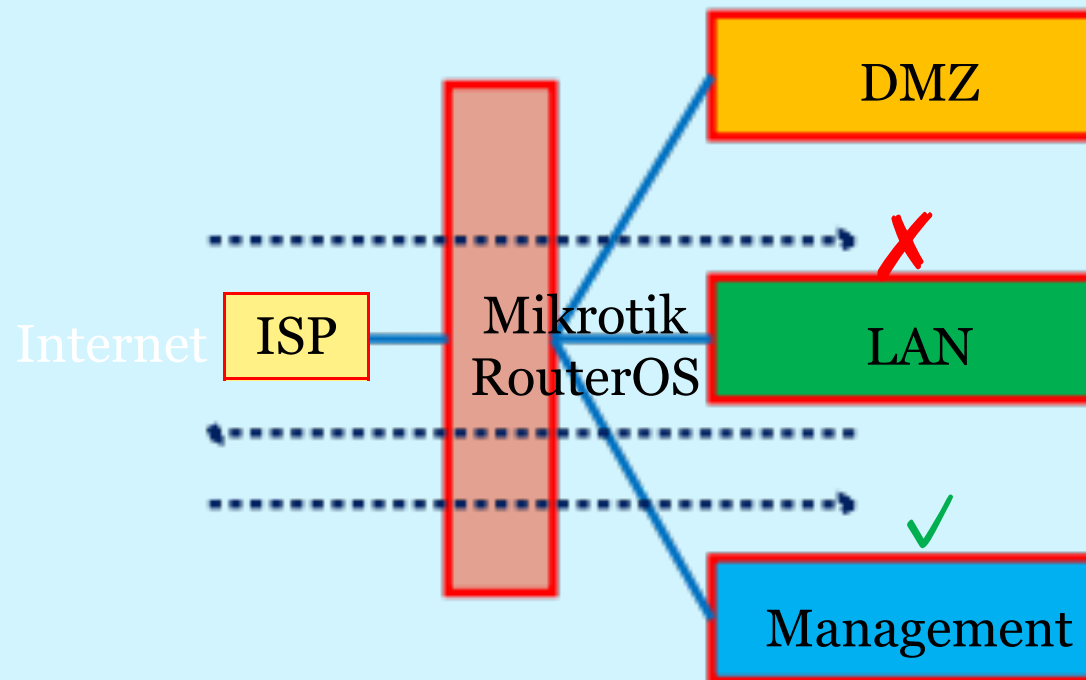
Sample Network design



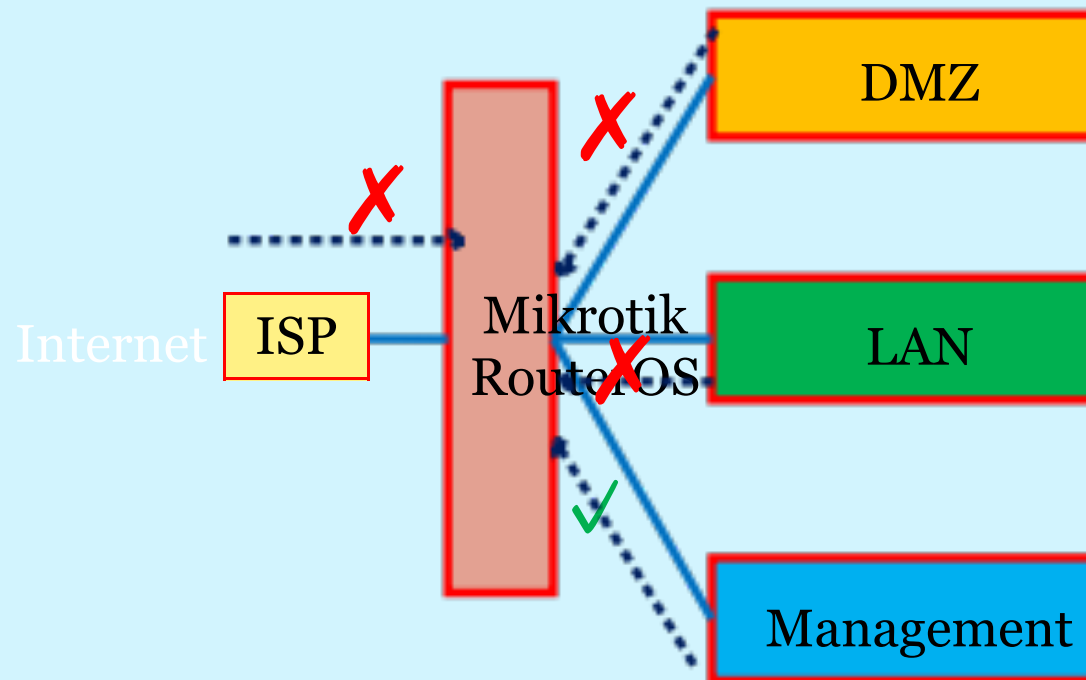
Internet to DMZ



Internet to LAN/Management



Management to Router



IPv4 firewall: Protect the router



- filter with new connections to decrease load on a router;
- create address-list for IP addresses, that are allowed to access your router; example Management
- enable ICMP access (optionally);
- drop everything else, log=yes might be added to log packets that hit the specific rule;

IPv4 firewall: Protect the router



```
/ip firewall filter
add action=accept chain=input comment="default configuration"
    connection-state=established,related
add action=accept chain=input src-address-list=Management
add action=accept chain=input protocol=icmp
.....
add action=drop chain=input

/ip firewall address-list add address=192.168.30.0/24 list=Management
```


IPv4 firewall: Protect the Inside network



- Established/related packets are added to [fasttrack](#) for faster data throughput, firewall will work with new connections only;
- drop incoming packets that are not NATed, ether1 is public interface
- drop incoming packets from Internet, which are not public IP addresses, ether1 is public interface
- drop packets from Inside that does not have address from inside address.
- create address-list=Inside to group all inside address

192.168.10.0/24 = DMZ

192.168.20.0/24 = LAN

192.168.30.0/24 = Management

IPv4 firewall: Protect the Inside network



```
/ip firewall filter add action=fasttrack-connection chain=forward comment=FastTrack
connection-state=established,related
add action=accept chain=forward comment="Established, Related" connection-
state=established,related
add action=drop chain=forward comment="Drop invalid" connection-state=invalid
add action=drop chain=forward comment="Drop incoming packets that are not NATted"
connection-nat-state=!dstnat connection-state=new in-interface=ether1
add action=drop chain=forward comment="Drop incoming from internet which is not public
IP" in-interface=ether1 src-address-list=not_in_internet
```


IPv4 firewall: Protect the Inside network



```
add action=drop chain=forward comment="Drop packets from Inside that do not have Inside IP" in-interface=ether2 src-address-list=!Inside
```

```
add action=drop chain=forward comment="Drop packets from Inside that do not have Inside IP" in-interface=ether3 src-address-list=!Inside
```

```
add action=drop chain=forward comment="Drop packets from Inside that do not have Inside IP" in-interface=ether4 src-address-list=!Inside
```

```
/ip firewall address-list
```

```
add address=192.168.10.0/24 list=Inside
```

```
add address=192.168.20.0/24 list=Inside
```

```
add address=192.168.30.0/24 list=Inside
```


IPv4 firewall: Protect the Inside network



/ip firewall address-list

```
add address=0.0.0.0/8 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=172.16.0.0/12 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=192.168.0.0/16 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=10.0.0.0/8 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=169.254.0.0/16 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=127.0.0.0/8 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=224.0.0.0/4 comment=Multicast list=not_in_internet
add address=198.18.0.0/15 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=192.0.0.0/24 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=192.0.2.0/24 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=198.51.100.0/24 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=203.0.113.0/24 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=100.64.0.0/10 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=240.0.0.0/4 comment=RFC6890 list=not_in_internet
add address=192.88.99.0/24 comment="6to4 relay Anycast [RFC 3068]" list=not_in_internet
```

*** Modify to meet the requirement

IPv4 firewall: Protect the Server/DMZ



```
WEB-SERVER IP =192.168.10.10
```

```
/ip firewall nat
```

```
add action=dst-nat chain=dstnat comment=WEB-SERVER dst  
    address=100.1.11.2 dst-port=80 in-interface=ether1  
    protocol=tcp to-addresses=192.168.10.10 to-ports=80
```

```
/ip firewall filter
```

```
add action=jump chain=forward comment=WEB-SERVER dst-  
    address=192.168.10.10 jump-target=WEB-SERVER
```

```
.....
```

```
add action=accept chain=WEB-SERVER comment=WEB dst-port=80  
    protocol=tcp
```

```
add action=accept chain=WEB-SERVER comment="accept ssh from NOC" dst-  
    port=22 protocol=tcp src-address-list=Management
```

```
add action=drop chain=WEB-SERVER comment=DROP
```


More Firewall rules



- <https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Firewall>
- SynFlood
- ICMP Flood
- Port Scanner
- Email Spam
- L7 Filter
- DoS attack protection
- Etc.

Recommendation



- Disable unused ports and services on router
- Strong password policy for router users and allow to remote from specific network
- Disable discovery interfaces on outside/WAN ports
- Clock should be accurate synchronize
- Enable SysLog and SNMP for monitoring the router
- Separate network for each LAN and Server
- Used Address list to group all address for used in FW

Recommendation



- Used Action=Jump to organized the FW rules and better performance
- Used FW to protect router itself, inside network and the Servers

Reference



- wiki.mikrotik.com

Question?



Thanks for your Attention ☺



- Upcoming Training: <http://ppic-training.com/upcoming-courses/>
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